Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance is a public–private partnership dedicated to creating equal access to vaccines for people in the world’s poorest countries; Gavi’s mission is to save children’s lives and protect people’s health by increasing equitable use of vaccines in lower-income countries. Founded in 2000 by a group of public–private partners – the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, UNICEF, WHO, and the World Bank – Gavi works “to encourage manufacturers to lower vaccine prices for the poorest countries in return for long-term, high-volume, and predictable demand from those countries.” Gavi supports countries by offering health systems strengthening support, vaccine support, cold-chain equipment optimization programs and support, and targeted country assistance. In 2019, Gavi channeled $1.8 billion in development assistance for health to child health (94.4% of Gavi funding) and non-communicable disease-related programs. Top sources of funding for Gavi in 2019 were the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, the United States, and the United Kingdom.

Gavi is currently working toward its own replenishment, aiming to raise $7.4 billion to cover the period 2021–2025. To that end, in 2019, Gavi announced that its next replenishment conference would be hosted by the United Kingdom. “Vaccines don’t just build healthier societies, they build healthier economies,” said Dr. Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala, the chair of Gavi’s board, when the conference was announced. Some examples of projects Gavi supported in 2019 include Ethiopia’s introduction of a measles vaccine and a Gavi-funded cholera vaccine campaign in Mozambique.

In 2019, Gavi disbursed $1.8 billion in funding, increasing 11.1% from 2018. The UK provided $306.4 million to Gavi in 2019, the Gates Foundation provided $406.1 million, the US provided $307.0 million, and Norway provided $185.8 million.

Figure 1 shows Gavi DAH provided by source in 2019, while Figure 2 shows trends in DAH by health focus area for the period 2010–2019. And per Figure 3, in 2017, 52.6% of DAH disbursed by Gavi went to sub-Saharan Africa and 25.5% to South Asia.

**Figure 1** DAH disbursed by Gavi from each source, 2019*"
FIGURE 2 DAH disbursed by Gavi targeting each health focus area, 1990–2019

- Child and newborn health
- Non-communicable diseases

FIGURE 3 DAH disbursed by Gavi targeting each GBD super-region, 2017

*2018 and 2019 estimates are preliminary. Due to data limitations, development assistance for health estimates are not available by recipient region for 2018 or 2019.