Health and wellness insights

Egypt

**Life satisfaction**
79.6%
Of respondents in Egypt are satisfied or very satisfied with life.

**Food insecurity**
45.0%
Of respondents in Egypt sometimes or often don’t have enough to eat.

**Delayed health care**
57.5%
Of respondents in Egypt with health conditions could not receive care in the last six months.

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**Vaccines**

**Vaccine confidence**
Are vaccines safe, effective, important for children and adults, and compatible with your personal beliefs?

- **Effective**
  - Yes: 40.9%
  - Sometimes: 46.6%
  - No: 10.5%

- **Safe**
  - Yes: 42.8%
  - Sometimes: 45.8%
  - No: 11.4%

- **Important for adults**
  - Yes: 57.5%
  - Sometimes: 31.8%
  - No: 10.7%

- **Important for children**
  - Yes: 59.5%
  - Sometimes: 20.8%
  - No: 20.8%

- **Compatible with beliefs**
  - Yes: 62.2%
  - Sometimes: 24%
  - No: 13.8%

A bar graph showing the percentage of people in Egypt who said yes, sometimes, or no to whether vaccines are safe, effective, important for children and adults, and compatible with personal beliefs. Data are from the Pandemic Recovery Survey. For more information, visit [www.healthdata.org/node/10700](http://www.healthdata.org/node/10700).

**Income**

**Changes in income by gender**
Proportion of respondents by gender who reported having lower income now than before the pandemic.

- Male: 49.2%
- Female: 50%

A bar graph of the proportion of females and male respondents who reported lower income now than before the pandemic. There were not enough responses from respondents who identified as non-binary to report in the bar graph. Data are from the Pandemic Recovery Survey. For more information, visit [www.healthdata.org/node/10700](http://www.healthdata.org/node/10700).

**Education**

**Decrease in academic skill by student gender**
Proportion of students who experienced lower than expected math skills.

- Male: 39.7%
- Female: 39.9%

A bar graph showing the proportion of students by gender who experienced lower than expected math skills. Data are from the Pandemic Recovery Survey. For more information, visit [www.healthdata.org/node/10700](http://www.healthdata.org/node/10700).

**Survey size**

Over 621,000 responses from 21 countries, with 30,778 responses from Egypt.

**Reasons for delayed care**

The most common reason for not receiving care was inability to pay (15.5%) followed by fear of being infected with COVID-19.

**Trust**

People in Egypt considered the military the most trustworthy and considered community leaders the least trustworthy.