

# Health and wellness insights

# Italy

#### Life satisfaction

51.5%

Of respondents in Italy are satisfied or very satisfied with life.

### **Food insecurity**

14.1%

Of respondents in Italy sometimes or often don't have enough to eat.

## Delayed health care

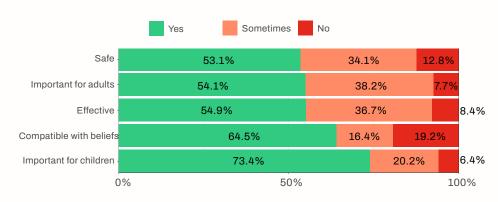
36.6%

Of respondents in Italy with health conditions could not receive care in the last six months.

#### **Vaccines**

#### Vaccine confidence

Are vaccines safe, effective, important for children and adults, and compatible with your personal beliefs?



#### CHILDHOOD VACCINES

Among parents of children under age 6, 16.4% reported that their child was not up to date on routine vaccines.

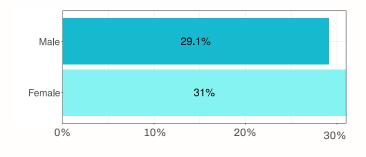
Those most likely to have their child fully vaccinated and intend to vaccinate in the future came from more financially stable households.

A bar graph showing the percentage of people in Italy who said yes, sometimes, or no to whether vaccines are safe, effective, important for children and adults, and compatible with personal beliefs. Data are from the Pandemic Recovery Survey. For more information, visit www.healthdata.org/node/10700.

### Income

#### Changes in income by gender.

Proportion of respondents by gender who reported having lower income now than before the pandemic.



#### HOUSEHOLD INCOME

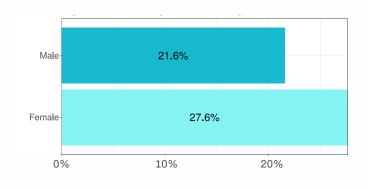
In total, 30.3% of respondents from Italy reported lower household income now than before the pandemic.

A bar graph of the proportion of female and male respondents who reported lower income now than before the pandemic. There were not enough responses from respondents who identified as non-binary to report in this bar graph. Data are from the Pandemic Recovery Survey. For more information, visit www.healthdata.org/node/10700.

## Education

Decrease in academic skill by student gender.

Proportion of students who experienced lower than expected math skills.



## DROPOUT RATES

7.4% of students in Italy dropped out of school during the pandemic.

A bar graph showing the proportion of students by gender who experienced lower than expected math skills. Data are from the Pandemic Recovery Survey. For more information, visit www.healthdata.org/node/10700.



## Survey size

Over 621,000 responses from 21 countries, with **17,487** responses from Italy.



## Reasons for delayed care

The most common reason for not receiving care was **inability to pay** (14.2%) followed by treatment or tests unavailable.



## Trust

People in Italy considered **scientists** the most trustworthy and considered the national government the least trustworthy.