Non-communicable diseases

Highlights:

- While development assistance for non-communicable diseases has grown over the past 10 years, it remains a small percentage of total development assistance (less than 2.1% in 2022).
- Development assistance for non-communicable diseases flows largely to countries in sub-Saharan Africa.
- NGOs and foundations, who channel the largest amount of funding for non-communicable diseases, were a major disbursing agency of funding for human resources for non-communicable diseases and mental health programs in 2023.

Development assistance for non-communicable diseases dropped by 34.4% between 2020 and 2023.

Figure A  Development assistance for health for non-communicable diseases, 1990–2023

![Graph showing development assistance for non-communicable diseases from 1990 to 2023.]

*2023 estimates are preliminary.

Values are in 2022 USD.

Global Fund = The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria
NGOs = Non-governmental organizations
Other UN Agencies = PAHO, UNFPA, UNICEF, Unitaid, and UNAIDS.
WHO = World Health Organization

Regional development banks include the African Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and the Inter-American Development Bank.
At the country level, development assistance for health for non-communicable diseases flowed predominantly to countries in Eastern and Western sub-Saharan Africa.

**Figure B** Development assistance for health received per person for non-communicable diseases, 2022

NGOs and foundations channeled the largest amounts of development assistance for non-communicable diseases in 2023.

**Figure C** Flows of development assistance for health for non-communicable diseases, 2023